

Charles Draine, of Lawrenceville, was elected president of the Mercer County Magistrates' Association at a meeting of the organization last night in Mercer Court House. Other officers named are: Vice president, George Jacobs, secretary, Harry Bennett, treasurer, Benjamin Liddy, and Carl Marston, delegates.

enjoy large incomes without payment of the rate of tax on capital income tax under the present law.

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U. S. SEIZES 2 ATLANTIC CITY RUM PLANTS

TWO CLUBS RAIDED AT ATLANTIC CITY

Cliquot and Silver Slipper Visits Result in Government Action

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Dec. 14 (AP).—As an aftermath of the Cliquot Club and Silver Slipper liquor raids Saturday night, Robert B. Young, head of the local Federal prohibition unit, signed complaints charging sale and possession of liquor against Joseph Rosenbaum, Ventnor; Harry Harris, and Anthony La Rosa, alias Harry Brown, 33, before United States Commissioner Voorhees today. Rosenbaum and Harris are alleged coproprietors together with Michael Keeley of the Cliquot Club, while La Rosa is the reported owner of the Silver Slipper Club. La Rosa and Keeley were both arrested at the time of the raids and were each released under \$1,000 bail today for a hearing at 3 p. m., Thursday. Commissioner Voorhees did not issue warrants against Rosenbaum and Harris, explaining he felt both men would voluntarily appear to give temporary bond when their attorneys were notified some time today. In the event of their non-appearance today, the warrants will be issued tomorrow morning. Six others arrested during the raids were each released under \$1,000 bail for hearings at 3 p. m., Thursday. They were: Wilmer Beriman, Leonard Bell, 34, waiter; William Mullen, 53, and Charles G. Bigler, 53, all arrested at the Cliquot Club raid, and Daniel Leonard, 35, and Jack Ditz, 26, both taken at the Silver Slipper.

U. S. AGENTS SEIZE 8 AS SILVER SLIPPER

Special to the ATLANTIC CITY... With two sensational raids in 24 hours, Federal agents have launched a new campaign against Atlantic City's vice.

While the Federal Government suddenly took action. Robert Young, chief of Atlantic City prohibition agents, and a squad of his men swooped down on the gaudy night life of the coast resort, raiding the Silver Slipper and the Cliquot Club.

SEIZE \$4,000 LIQUORS.

Wines, liquors, cordials and the ingredients for mixing any conceivable drink were seized in the Cliquot Club raid. Their value was estimated roughly at \$4,000. Not only the liquor was seized by the raiders, but period furniture and exhibitions of the handicraft of various nations were carted away by the raiders. The Cliquot Club, one of Atlantic City's hottest spots, was housed in a 20-room mansion, beautifully furnished, some with choice colonial pieces, others in empire, Renaissance and the style of the various kings of France.

The background against which the club's patrons broke the law earlier yesterday.

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

LEAVENWORTH BALKS 2^D RIOT

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Dec. 14.—The entire staff of night guards at the Federal prison here was summoned this morning to augment the day guard force in quelling a reported disturbance among prisoners.

Although prison officials refused to confirm or deny the report, it was said that prisoners in the boiler house, which furnishes the prison with heat, went on strike.

Whether the disturbance was a reaction to an investigation today by Sanford Bates, Superintendent of Prisons, into the spectacular escape of seven convicts and their abduction of Warden Thomas B. White, Friday, could not be immediately ascertained. No outside aid has been called to assist the prison staff in handling the prisoners and police would give no information as to the seriousness of the trouble.

LILLIAN ROTH WINS COURT BATTLE WITH BROKER

LOS ANGELES, Dec. 14.—Because she was under legal age when she purchased New York stocks, Lillian Roth, former film actress now on the New York stage, today was returned winner of a court battle with a brokerage firm which had sued her for \$1,641. The suit was dismissed by stipulation of attorneys.

N. J. Accidents Increase.

TRENTON, N. J., Dec. 14.—October motor vehicle accidents...

acts on Evening Journal's Tip as Police Remain Inactive Against Vice.

(Pictures on Page 20) By a Staff Correspondent.

ATLANTIC CITY, Dec. 16.—Two more smashing blows were delivered by the Federal Government today against the Atlantic City vice ring, while the city police remained strangely inactive. Prohibition agents under peral leadership of W. C. Young, district chief, swooped down on a rum cutting plant at 15 North Michigan Ave., reputed source of rum today and had seized liquor equipment valued at \$10,000. The liquor and cutting plant were found in locations described yesterday's Evening Journal. Six hours before the raid police made no attempt to close the

Ball, Negro partner of Benny Ball, Broadwalk concessionaire, was arrested on a charge of possession. Telephone number book in possession and impounded several agents contained names of political leaders, including Enoch L. Johnson, over-Atlantic City.

Detective Mortimer L. Hayes, frequently mentioned during the Evening Journal's 1930 expose, will be grilled by Federal officers. Hayes excitedly stormed into the place during the raid and denounced the Evening Journal, but left hurriedly when a Federal agent attempted to learn his identity.

Meanwhile, other agents under Young's direction seized a 2,000-gallon still in the country near Port Norris, N. J., owned by the liquor clique of which Dick Black and Abe Gudelman are reputed leaders.

Today's raids were the third and fourth in four days made by Young's men.

On Sunday and Monday mornings Young's men raided the fashionable Cliquot Club and the supposedly immune Silver Slipper cabaret, where they arrested Tony La Rosa, nephew of former Mayor Ruffu, for assisting a Federal officer, and as owner.

The attention of Public Safety Director William S. Cuthbert was called yesterday afternoon to the Evening Journal's mention of the rum cutting plant and also to an article appearing in local newspapers in which various places mentioned in the Evening Journal articles were reported still operating.

"My men were given definite instructions to have these places closed down, and they have reported back to me on each place that it is closed. However," he added, "if these places stay open we can't make them close."

Police Judge Harold Simandl, who appeared as counsel in the three cases, contended that the Union City company had accounted for an item of \$174,039 as loans payable to several persons. Of this amount, Tierman lent the company \$10,000.

Judge Fake upheld Simandl's contention that the allegations against Dunn could not now be used against the company because permits had been issued subsequent to that alleged condition.

Dougherty announced the three cases will be carried to the United States Court of Appeals.

DECEMBER 20, 1930

Recent Decision on Prohibition Is Discussed in House Debate

Mr. Blanton Criticizes Ruling; Mr. Michener Doubts Propriety of Certain Comments by Members on Ruling Handed Down in New Jersey

Discussion of the recent decision by Federal Judge William Clark, at Newark, N. J., concerning the validity of the Prohibition Amendment to the Federal Constitution was injected into the proceedings of the House Dec. 19.

Representative Blanton (Dem.), of Abilene, Tex., started the discussion. "It is very evident," he said, "that the recent decision in New Jersey is nothing more nor less than a studied deliberate effort to get a new expression from the Supreme Court of the United States." Representative Ketcham (Rep.), of Hastings, Mich., asked Mr. Blanton's opinion of the decision.

"If you ask the lawyers of the House Committee on the Judiciary, both wet and dry, they will tell you that it is bunk, pure and simple," Mr. Blanton said. If the opinion were to apply to the prohibition Amendment, it would similarly affect every other amendment, and would even apply to slavery, he said.

Representative McSwain (Dem.), of Greenville, S. C., said evidently Judge Clark had a new theory in regard to constitutional law. Mr. McSwain said: "Judge Clark's reasoning is too absurd to be considered seriously and if it were not for his high official position, it would be entirely ignored. It is plainly a case of reckless youth being elevated to a high judicial position, too early in life. The decision rendered by Judge Clark has lowered the popular estimate of judicial integrity, and opens a breach in the law of constitutional safety."

Representative Michener (Rep.), of Adrian, Mich., asked about the propriety

of a Member of Congress attacking a judicial decision which had been appealed to the Supreme Court of the United States and which would soon render a decision. Mr. McSwain replied that he saw no impropriety in criticizing a decision of a jurist who evidently was considering resigning and running for office.

Representative Linthicum (Dem.), of Baltimore, Md., asked Mr. McSwain where he got his information that Judge Clark was going to run for office.

"I know it the same way that I can see tracks in sand and know whether it was a rabbit or a dog that made them," replied Mr. McSwain. "Is it because he has rendered a decision that does not agree with your view?" asked Mr. Linthicum.

"I have not spoken of the prohibition phase of the decision," Mr. McSwain said. "I am only attacking his decision on the Constitution of the United States."

Mr. Linthicum replied that he had never criticized a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States. Mr. McSwain said: "I am not attacking a decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, and I do not think I am going to have an opportunity to do so in this case."

Representative Black (Dem.), of New York City, said that the brewers and the distillers were the two best friends that the farmer had, and prohibition had cost the farmers millions of dollars. He said that a sign should be posted on the top of Washington Monument stating that the Wickersham Commission was "Lost, strayed, or stolen."

Police Win... Time of halves: 20 minutes. Score at 15-10. Referee: J. S. Thomas.

Hoover's Plan To Save Money Wins Support

and Democratic Committee Leader in House for Bureau Mergers

WASHINGTON (AP).—Enthusiastic support for President Hoover's proposed governmental reorganization was today by Chairman Smoot of the finance committee.

He believe the suggestion of the president," he said in a statement, "is the most practical means of lowering governmental expenses and making it possible to maintain consistently my throughout the government."

At the same time Chairman Jones of Senate appropriations committee urged his support to administration to slash federal expenditures.

Washington Republican said he would support President Hoover if he proposed to cooperate with Democratic Chairman of the House appropriations committee in every way possible. "We will join the House in cutting appropriation they can find that would be cut—or at least I will," he said.

Jones said he also discussed with Hoover the latter's proposal for consolidation of all merchant marine activities under the Department of Commerce. He would not say whether he approved it but conceded a considerable saving could be made by the consolidation.

Support in House.

He expressed the view that the Shipping Board under any transfer of its activities should be returned to the status of a purely regulatory body. Hoover's support in the House is as strong as President Hoover's consolidation proposals.

Cochran of the expenditure which will handle the... is in accord with the executive's recommendation.

Grants Two Plants Alcohol Permits

Court Reverses Decision of Director on Harrison and Paterson Concerns

Federal Judge Fake today directed Samuel O. Wynne, supervisor of alcohol permits of the prohibition department, to issue 1932 permits for the manufacture of cereal beverages to the Harrison Beverage Company, Inc. of Harrison and the Eureka Cereal Beverage Company of Paterson. The former concern is housed in the old Peter Hauck Brewery.

In issuing the order, Judge Fake reversed Wynne's ruling that the companies were not entitled to permits. Wynne, represented by Edward J. Dougherty, relied on the investigation and testimony taken on the question of whether the companies were entitled to 1931 permits.

The Eureka concern was issued the 1931 permit October 28 and the Harrison concern obtained its present permit November 20. In ordering issuance of the 1932 permits, Judge Fake reaffirmed his decision involving the 1931 permits. The two companies were represented by Police Judge Harold Simandl.